Corrigendum to “Relationship of severity of subacute ruminal acidosis to rumen fermentation, chewing activities, sorting behavior, and milk production in lactating dairy cows fed a high-grain diet” (J. Dairy Sci. 97:3006–3016)

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The authors wish to modify citations (shown in bold below) in the Introduction (pages 3006–3007).

Ruminal pH is determined by the balance between acid production in rumen and the acid removal from the rumen by absorption through rumen epithelial cells, neutralization with buffers, and passage to lower digestive tracts (**Penner et al., 2009**).

Penner et al. (2009) demonstrated that ruminal epithelial cells from acidosis-resistant sheep had a greater capability to absorb VFA in vitro, which suggested that rate of VFA absorption might affect the extent of tolerance to the high-grain diet in vivo (**Schlau et al., 2012**).

The authors regret the errors.

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