Management Practices in Very Low Somatic Cell Score Herds. By Barnouin et al., page 3989. French dairy herds were enrolled in a national program to highlight practices characterizing very low somatic cell score (SCS) herds. Management variables collected through questionnaires were analyzed using multiple logistic regression models. Twenty-six explanatory variables were categorized through 4 ‘practice boxes’: 1) specialized and attentive herdsman; 2) cow hygienic living conditions; 3) optimized calving conditions; and 4) strict udder hygiene. From these boxes, preventive strategies adapted to each farm could be implemented to develop a national SCS control program, which could lead to an organized close collaboration between technicians and herdsmen.