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### **New method to measure milk components has potential to improve dairy sustainability**

*Journal of Dairy Science® reports development of a modified milk calibration sample set to improve accuracy of milk urea nitrogen testing*

**Champaign, IL, June 10, 2021** – Present in blood, urine, and milk, the chemical compound urea is the primary form of nitrogen excretion in mammals. Testing for urea levels in dairy cows helps scientists and farmers understand how effectively nitrogen from feed is used in cows' bodies, with important economic implications for farmers in terms of feed costs, physiological effects for cows such as reproductive performance, and environmental impacts from excretion of nitrogen in dairy cow waste. Thus, accuracy in testing dairy cow urea levels is essential.

Since the 1990s, mid-infrared testing of milk urea nitrogen (MUN) has been the most efficient and least invasive way to measure nitrogen use by dairy cows in large numbers. In a recent [article](#) in the *Journal of Dairy Science*, researchers from Cornell University report the development of a robust new set of MUN calibration reference samples to improve accuracy of MUN measurement.

“When a set of these samples has been run on a milk analyzer, the data can be used to detect specific deficiencies in the quality of the MUN prediction that might be corrected by the instrument user or the milk analyzer manufacturer,” explained senior author David M. Barbano, PhD, Northeast Dairy Foods Research Center, Department of Food Science, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, USA. Accurate and timely MUN concentration information “is of great importance for dairy herd feeding and reproduction management,” Barbano added.



Caption: In this study researchers from Cornell University report the development of a robust new set of milk urea nitrogen (MUN) calibration reference samples to improve accuracy of MUN measurement (Credit: iStock.com/baibaz).

Given increasing worldwide scrutiny of the environmental effects of large-scale agriculture and the economic challenges faced by farmers, the need for accurate understanding of nitrogen use in the dairy industry has perhaps never been more pressing. This improvement in milk component testing marks further progress toward healthier and more sustainable agricultural and food production practices that will benefit producers and consumers alike.

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#### **Notes for editors**

The article is “Infrared milk analyzers: Milk urea nitrogen calibration,” by Matilde Portnoy, Chassidy Coon, and David M. Barbano (<https://doi.org/10.3168/jds.2020-18772>). It appears in advance of the *Journal of Dairy Science*, volume 104, issue 7 (July 2021), published by [FASS Inc.](#) and [Elsevier](#).

The article is openly available at [https://www.journalofdairyscience.org/article/S0022-0302\(21\)00469-0/fulltext](https://www.journalofdairyscience.org/article/S0022-0302(21)00469-0/fulltext).

Full text of the article is also available to credentialed journalists upon request. Contact Eileen Leahy at +1 732 238 3628 or [jdsmedia@elsevier.com](mailto:jdsmedia@elsevier.com) to obtain copies. Journalists wishing to interview the authors should contact the corresponding author, David M. Barbano, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, at [dmb37@cornell.edu](mailto:dmb37@cornell.edu) or [Barbano1@aol.com](mailto:Barbano1@aol.com).

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The *Journal of Dairy Science*® (JDS®), an official journal of the American Dairy Science Association®, is co-published by Elsevier and FASS Inc. for the American Dairy Science Association. It is the leading general dairy research journal in the world. JDS readers represent education, industry, and government agencies in more than 70 countries, with interests in biochemistry, breeding, economics, engineering, environment, food science, genetics, microbiology, nutrition, pathology, physiology, processing, public health, quality assurance, and sanitation. JDS has a 2019 Journal Impact Factor of 3.333 and 5-year Journal Impact Factor of 3.432 according to Journal Citation Reports (Source: Clarivate 2020).

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The American Dairy Science Association (ADSA) is an international organization of educators, scientists, and industry representatives who are committed to advancing the dairy industry and keenly aware of the vital role the dairy sciences play in fulfilling the economic, nutritive, and health requirements of the world's population. It provides leadership in scientific and technical support to sustain and grow the global dairy industry through generation, dissemination, and exchange of information and services. Together, ADSA members have discovered new methods and technologies that have revolutionized the dairy industry.

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